



Powerful Pyramids

Knowledge Organiser Year 4 Term 5 and 6

Key people

Howard Carter – discovered Tutankhamun's tomb.
Tutankhamun – well known as the 'boy king'

Key knowledge

What should I already know?



- The continents of the world are: North America, South America, Africa, Asia, Europe and Australasia.
- Around the middle of the world are the Tropics of Capricorn and Cancer and the Equator lies between them both.
- A human feature is a place of interest on a landscape EG pyramids and a physical one is a natural feature on the landscape EG The River Nile.
- A landmark is an easily recognisable feature on the landscape EG a Sphinx.
- Periods of time can be divided into BC (before Christ) and AD (After Christ)

What I will know by the end of the unit

- Egypt is a country in the North East of Africa.
- The River Nile is the river that runs through Egypt.
- Tutankhamun was the youngest pharaoh (aged 9) and his tomb was discovered by Howard Carter.
- The Great Pyramid at Giza is the largest pyramid.
- Cairo is the capital city of Egypt.
- Pyramids were built to bury the noble Egyptians in and they were buried with treasure to help them pass into the afterlife.
- The Egyptians mummified their noble people when they died. We will be learning about the stages in this process.
- A pharaoh led a very comfortable, rich life compared to a farmer. They had luxurious homes, clothes and food to eat.
- A shadoufs is a watering contraption created by the Egyptians to

Useful weblinks

<https://www.historyforkids.net/ancient-egypt.html>
<http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/Egypt.html>
<https://www.dkfindout.com/uk/history/ancient-egypt>

Why did the Egyptians build pyramids?

Key Questions

- * Where in the world is Egypt?
- * What is the capital city of Egypt?
- * Why were pyramids built?
 - * Who was Tutankhamun?
 - * How was life different for a Pharaoh and a farmer?
 - * Why did the Egyptians make mummies?

Key Vocabulary

- Pyramid** – a stone structure built to protect and bury Noble Egyptians in.
- Sphinx** – A mythical creature with a human head and body of a lion.
- Archaeologist** – a person who studies history by finding artefacts.
- Ancient** – very old.
- Mummification** – the process of preserving a noble's body.



Key Fact: Important Places in Egypt



- Civilisation** – A society with social levels, rules, government and a form of communication.
- Society** – people that live together by the same rules.
- Continent** – the areas the world is divided into.
- Equator** – invisible line running around the middle of the world.
- Landmark** – a recognisable feature on the landscape.